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## **AGENCY CONTACT:**

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# AMERICAN INDIAN ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE GRANT

#### INCEPTION

July 1, 2012

### **PROGRAM GOAL**

According to Wisconsin State Statute §16.29(1), the purpose of the program is to partially fund a program to provide technical assistance for economic development on Indian reservations.

### **PROGRAM DESCRIPTION**

Grants to the Great Lakes Inter-Tribal Council (GLITC) partially fund a program for the following businesses: a Tribal enterprise, an Indian business that is located on an Indian reservation, and an Indian business that is not located on an Indian reservation but that directly benefits the economy of an Indian reservation. Technical assistance provided: management assistance to existing businesses; startup assistance to new businesses, including the development of business and marketing plans and assistance in securing development financing; technical assistance to new and existing businesses in gaining access to tribal, state, and federal business assistance and financing programs. The program may not provide technical assistance for commercial gaming and gambling activity. As a condition of receiving a grant, GLITC shall annually prepare a report on the technical assistance program and submit the report to the Department of Administration (DOA).

## **ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS**

Wisconsin state statute dictates that the grant will be given to the Great Lakes Inter-Tribal Council.

## **INCENTIVES AND AVAILABLE FUNDING**

Each year, GLITC sends a plan to the DOA along with a proposed budget of how it will spend the funds and will measure goals.

### **EXPECTED OUTCOMES**

\$79,500 annual grant to GLITC per state statutes.

## FY24 PROGRAM ACTIVITY

The American Indian Economic Development Technical Assistance program has reached out to develop many partnerships and collaborative activities with Tribal community economic development initiatives, state business development programs, the private sector, and local colleges.

In collaboration with the GLITC Economic Administration Program Director, WEDC will answer the needs of Tribal people and communities as they strive for economic prosperity and independence.

WEDC will continue enhancing and adding further resources to the new GLITC Economic Development Programs' webpage and working with the American Indian Chamber of Wisconsin on completing and updating the Wisconsin Native Owned Business Directory. We will continue to utilize the First Nations Development Institute's Building Native Communities--Financial Skills for Families course text to teach financial knowledge and practices that are based in Native tradition as well as critical to asset building and entrepreneurship.

### **RECOMMENDED CHANGES**

It is more essential now than ever before to provide consistent and culturally sensitive entrepreneurial development skills, small business training, financial literacy, and targeted technical assistance to Native American communities.

# COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT -ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

# WEBSITE

energyandhousing.wi.gov/Pages/CommunityResources.aspx

### INCEPTION

Title 1 of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974

#### **PROGRAM GOAL**

To provide resources to units of general local government (UGLGs) throughout Wisconsin to address deficient infrastructure and facilities; alleviate threats to public health, safety and welfare; support revitalization of established neighborhoods and downtown businesses; and improve economic opportunities for low- to moderate-income (LMI) persons and communities.

To achieve these goals, CDBG regulations define eligible activities and the national objectives that each activity must meet. For each CDBG project that it funds, the Division of Energy, Housing and Community Resources (DEHCR) must ensure that it meets at least one of the national objectives and that each project is an eligible activity, as defined by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD). The HUD national objective category must be identified in the application prior to the award of funding.

The three national objectives are:

- 1. To provide benefits to low- to moderate-income persons (LMI)
- 2. To aid in the prevention or elimination of slums or blighted areas
- 3. To provide funding for projects that have a particular urgency due to existing conditions which pose a serious and immediate threat to the health and welfare of the community

### **PROGRAM DESCRIPTION**

CDBG - Economic Development programs include:

- · CDBG Economic Development (CDBG ED)
- · CDBG Public Facilities for Economic Development (CDBG PFED)

The CDBG Program is administered by HUD. The primary purpose of the Small Cities CDBG Program is the development of viable communities through the provision of decent housing, a suitable living environment, and the expansion of economic opportunities, all principally for the benefit of persons of low to moderate income.

The DOA is Wisconsin's recipient for the Small Cities CDBG Program. DOA monitors and oversees all of the CDBG programs, other than those located in entitlement communities. Under a previous administrative agreement executed between WEDC and DOA, WEDC administered, with DOA's oversight, Wisconsin's CDBG-American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA), CDBG-Community Development (CD), and CDBG-Economic Development (ED) programs. On July 1, 2013, all CDBG application and contract management activities were transferred to the DEHCR. WEDC continues its extensive community and economic development and networking outreach to local communities.

Every year, HUD provides federal CDBG funds directly to states, which in turn provide the funds to small, rural cities and towns with populations of fewer than 50,000 and/or to non-urban counties. These small communities are referred to as non-entitlement areas because they must apply to the state for CDBG funding. Larger areas, including but not limited to Milwaukee, La Crosse, and Madison, receive CDBG funding directly from HUD and are defined as entitlement communities. Entitlement communities are not eligible to apply for the state's CDBG funding.

### **ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS**

DEHCR may only award CDBG sub-awards to UGLGs, which in turn carry out the funded activities. The only UGLGs eligible to apply for CDBG funds are incorporated towns, non-entitlement cities, villages, and nonurban counties. Nonprofit agencies and entities, such as sewer districts and fire departments, are not eligible to apply for sub-award funds. DEHCR cannot award CDBG funds directly to citizens or private organizations.

UGLGs are responsible for considering the local needs of their populations, preparing applications for assistance to DEHCR and carrying out the contracted development activities. UGLGs must comply with all federal and state requirements pertaining to the use of their awarded CDBG funding.

DEHCR awards CDBG - ED funds to non-entitlement UGLGs that in turn grant or loan funds to local businesses for economic development projects. The controlling federal laws and regulations require that the activity funded must constitute an eligible activity and meet a national objective (benefit persons of low to moderate income, address slum and blight conditions, or meet an urgent local need). In addition, at least 70% of the state's total funds must be dedicated to the primary objective of benefiting persons of low to moderate income.

#### **INCENTIVES AND AVAILABLE FUNDING**

\$1,311,063 in total funding available

#### **EXPECTED OUTCOMES**

0 jobs created/retained

### FY24 PROGRAM ACTIVITY

Communities and businesses assisted, job creation, job retention, investment in public infrastructure

CDBG - ED:

- 1 community assisted
- $\cdot$  121 jobs created

CDBG - PFED:

- $\cdot$  0 community assisted
- $\cdot$  0 jobs created

Since CDBG data are compiled at contract closeout and reported on a program-year basis, performance data do not reflect the time period covered by the state fiscal year, but rather are based on HUD's program year of April 1, 2023, to March 31, 2024.

#### **RECOMMENDED CHANGES**

None

# COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT -COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT

# WEBSITE

energyandhousing.wi.gov/Pages/CommunityResources.aspx

### INCEPTION

Title 1 of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974

#### **PROGRAM GOAL**

To provide resources to units of general local government (UGLGs) throughout Wisconsin to address deficient infrastructure and facilities; alleviate threats to public health, safety, and welfare; support revitalization of established neighborhoods and downtown businesses; and improve economic opportunities for low- to moderate-income persons and communities

To achieve these goals, Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) regulations define eligible activities and the national objectives that each activity must meet. For each CDBG project that it funds, the Division of Energy, Housing and Community Resources (DEHCR) must ensure that it meets at least one of the following national objectives and that each project is an eligible activity as defined by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD).

The HUD national objective category must be identified in the application prior to the award of funding. The three national objectives are:

- 1. To provide benefits to low- to moderate-income persons (LMI)
- 2. To aid in the prevention or elimination of slums or blighted areas
- 3. To provide funding for projects that have a particular urgency due to existing conditions which pose a serious and immediate threat to the health and welfare of the community

### **PROGRAM DESCRIPTION**

CDBG - Community Development programs include:

- · CDBG Public Facilities (CBDG PF)
- · CDBG Planning (CDBG PLNG)

The CDBG program is administered by HUD. The primary purpose of the Small Cities CDBG program is the development of viable communities through the provision of decent housing, a suitable living environment, and the expansion of economic opportunities, all principally for the benefit of persons of low to moderate income.

The Department of Administration (DOA) is Wisconsin's recipient for the Small Cities CDBG program. DOA monitors and oversees all of the state CDBG programs, other than those in entitlement communities. Under a previous administrative agreement executed between WEDC and DOA, WEDC administered, with DOA's oversight, Wisconsin's CDBG - American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA), CDBG - Community Development, and CDBG - Economic Development (ED) programs. On July 1, 2013, all CDBG application and contract management activities were transferred to rgw DEHCR. WEDC continues its extensive community and economic development and networking outreach to local communities.

Every year, HUD provides federal CDBG funds directly to states, which in turn provide the funds to small, rural cities and towns with populations of fewer than 50,000 and/or to non-urban counties. These small communities are referred to as non-entitlement areas because they must apply to the state for CDBG funding. Larger areas, including but not limited to Milwaukee, La Crosse, and Madison, receive CDBG funding directly from HUD and are defined as entitlement communities. Entitlement communities are not eligible to apply for the state's CDBG program.

### **ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS**

DEHCR may only award CDBG sub-awards to UGLGs, which in turn carry out the funded activities. The only UGLGs eligible to apply for CDBG funds are incorporated towns, non-entitlement cities, villages, and nonurban counties. Nonprofit agencies and entities such as sewer districts and fire departments are not eligible to apply for sub-award funds. DEHCR cannot award CDBG funds directly to citizens or private organizations.

UGLGs are responsible for considering the local needs of their populations, preparing applications for assistance to DEHCR and carrying out the contracted development activities. UGLGs must comply with all federal and state requirements pertaining to the use of their awarded CDBG funding.

State CDBG funds are awarded by DEHCR to non-entitlement communities annually on a competitive basis, based on predetermined scoring parameters. DEHCR awards grants to UGLGs for public infrastructure projects such as municipal water and sewer improvements; construction of public facilities, such as community and senior centers; slum and blight elimination; and community planning activities.

#### FY24 PROGRAM ACTIVITY

CDBG - PF:

- 66 communities assisted
- 166,174 persons served

CDBG - PLNG:

- · 2 communities assisted
- 25,280 beneficiaries

Since CDBG data are compiled at contract closeout and reported on the program-year basis, performance data do not reflect the time period covered by the state fiscal year, but rather are based on HUD's program year of April 1, 2023 to March 31, 2024.

#### **RECOMMENDED CHANGES**

None